

VOLLEYBALL CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

The following recommendations have been designed specifically for the Glenrock High School volleyball team. Because of the intense demands and conditioning required, athletes and parents are asked to read and understand certain cautions and responsibilities designed to improve the safety and enjoyment of the sport.

Preparing for Activity:

1. Wear protective knee pads, braces and supportive equipment or garments to all practices and games.
2. Clothing and shoes should fit properly, be comfortable and allow for maximal physical efforts.
3. Clothing should not prevent heat dissipation or restrict movement.
4. Players should ingest the equivalent of 46 glasses of water each day.
5. Feet should be covered with a thick cotton sock. If blisters are a chronic problem or begin to appear, coaches should be consulted for appropriate responses or preventive actions.
6. Players requiring preventive taping, padding, or bracing should arrive early to receive necessary treatment.
7. Remove all jewelry and metal hair fasteners.
8. No horseplay, rough-housing, hazing or initiations.
9. Players to be prompt to all practices. Players should be dressed and stretched to begin all practices on time.

In the locker room:

1. Locker room floors are often slippery.
2. Open locker doors can have sharp edges. Close and lock your locker when away from it.
3. Secure all personal items in your assigned locker.
4. Use soap and shampoo only in the shower area.
5. Be alert to raised thresholds at shower rooms.
6. No horseplay, roughhousing, hazing or initiations.

Entry to contest or practice site or travel to contest/practice site:

1. Be alert to ramps/steps leading to practice/contest area.
2. Be alert to variations in surfaces of locker rooms, ramps, stairways or playing floors.
3. Be alert to the following:
 - a. ball carts
 - b. volleyballs in flight, rolling, rebounding, or bouncing
 - c. spiking or serving drills
 - d. nets, support poles, cables, chairs, bleachers, and official's stand
4. No horseplay, rough-housing, hazing or initiations.

Preparing to play:

Do all stretching exercises as directed by the coaches. Jog easy laps to warm up. When stretching or playing, keep body in proper alignment to prevent undue stress on joints, ligaments, and muscles.

Hazards specific to volleyball:

1. Be alert to dehydration symptoms; i.e., dry mouth, inability to cool down, dizzy/lightheaded. Ingest 46 glasses of water during the school day and additional amounts at practice.
2. Frequent drink breaks will be built into the practice and players should make use of each one.
3. Refer all injuries, illnesses, or health problems to coaches immediately.
4. Weight and strength training will have separate standards and progressions designed to enhance safety.
5. Check your weight regularly. Sudden or large losses over a month should be brought to the coaches' attention, especially if you are feeling tired or ill, or if you demonstrate cold symptoms and sore throat/swollen neck glands.
6. Do not hang on rims or nets.
7. Gather loose volleyballs and place them in storage racks. Do not follow a loose ball into an adjacent court until play is stopped in that court.
8. Never roll a ball under the net during play; the ball can roll under the feet.
9. Never throw the ball over the net; ball can hit an unsuspecting player.
10. Try to land on both feet while descending from a jump. This helps prevent falling, twisting, or unbalance.
11. While executing a defensive roll, sprawl, or dive, player must begin as low as possible to the floor with the arms fully extended away from the body. Execution with bent elbows and little or no bending of the knees may cause fractures or other injuries.
12. As in many team sports, the possibility of running into teammates or opponents is apparent. Jump vertically when spiking or blocking.
13. Volleyball utilizes the hands in various techniques; i.e., setting, blocking, serving, attacking, and digging. Players should use proper technique in order to avoid breaks, fractures, and sprains.

14. Muscle soreness and possible strains occur more frequently at the beginning of the season due to increased use of muscles and increased time spent exercising. Stretch before/after practice.
15. Making contact with the nets, support poles, cables, referee's stand, floor, wall, bleachers, and other players during practice or competition could possibly result in serious bodily injury.
16. No practicing of any kind should take place until a coach is present in the gym.

Emergencies

Because of the physical nature of volleyball, some injuries will occur. All injuries must be called to a coach's attention. Most will be minor and can be managed with basic first aid. However, some may need more intense management and may also require squad members to:

1. Be alert, look around. Get the attention of other people as they may need to help. **DO NOT move the victim!**
2. The coach will manage the person in trouble. You may be asked to assist in one of several ways:
 - a. Helping with the injured person
 - b. Telephoning for additional assistance
 - c. Obtaining first aid supplies or equipment
 - d. Directing the rescue squad to the accident site
 - e. Keeping onlookers back.
3. In case of fire or a fire alarm:
 - a. Evacuate or remain outside the building
 - b. Move and remain 150 feet away from the building
 - c. Be prepared to use the procedures described in #2 above.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We certify that we have read, understand, and agree to adhere to the cautions, considerations and responsibilities required for membership on the Glenrock High School Volleyball Team.

_____/_____
 Parent/Guardian Signature Date

 Parent's Name - printed

_____/_____
 Athlete Signature Date

 Athlete's Name - printed